

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

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## E-Z CLOR® CALCIUM ELEVATOR

SDS No.: R48022E

SDS Revision Date: 21-Jan-2015

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### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

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**Manufactured For and Registered By:** Alliance Trading, Inc.  
109 Northpark Boulevard, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor  
Covington, LA 70433

**Supplier Identification:** Occidental Chemical Corporation  
5005 LBJ Freeway  
P.O. Box 809050  
Dallas, TX 75380-9050  
1-800-752-5151

**24 Hour Emergency Telephone Number:** 1-800-733-3665 or 1-972-404-3228 (USA); CHEMTREC (within USA and Canada): 1-800-424-9300; CHEMTREC (outside USA and Canada): +1 703-527-3887; CHEMTREC Contract No: CCN16186

**Emergency Medical:** 1-800-255-3924

**OxyChem® Customer Service:** 1-800-752-5151 or 1-972-404-3700

**Product Identifier:** **E-Z CLOR® CALCIUM ELEVATOR**

**Synonyms:** Calcium Dichloride, Calcium Chloride Pellets, Anhydrous Calcium Chloride, Calcium Chloride, Mini-Pellets

**Product Use:** Water Treatment (Non-potable)

**Uses Advised Against:** None identified.

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### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

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**OSHA REGULATORY STATUS:** This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

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# E-Z CLOR® CALCIUM ELEVATOR

SDS No.: R48022E

SDS Revision Date: 21-Jan-2015

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## EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:

**Color:** White  
**Physical state:** Solid  
**Appearance:** Pellets  
**Odor:** Odorless

**Signal Word:** **WARNING**

**MAJOR HEALTH HAZARDS:** CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.

**PHYSICAL HAZARDS:** Heat is generated when mixed with water or aqueous acid solutions.

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:** Wash thoroughly after handling.

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## GHS CLASSIFICATION:

GHS: CONTACT HAZARD - SKIN:	Category 2 - Causes skin irritation
GHS: CONTACT HAZARD - EYE:	Category 2B - Causes eye irritation
GHS: ACUTE TOXICITY - INHALATION:	No data available. Not classified.
GHS: ACUTE TOXICITY - ORAL:	Category 4 - Harmful if swallowed
GHS: ACUTE TOXICITY - DERMAL:	Not classified as acutely toxic for dermal exposure
GHS: CARCINOGENICITY:	Not classified as a carcinogen per GHS criteria. This product is not classified as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

## UNKNOWN ACUTE TOXICITY:

A percentage of this product consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

### Unknown Acute Dermal Toxicity:

3% of this product consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

## GHS SYMBOL:

Exclamation mark



**GHS SIGNAL WORD:** **WARNING**

**GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS:**

# E-Z CLOR® CALCIUM ELEVATOR

SDS No.: R48022E

SDS Revision Date: 21-Jan-2015

## GHS - Health Hazard Statement(s)

Causes skin irritation  
Causes eye irritation  
Harmful if swallowed

## GHS - Precautionary Statement(s) - Prevention

Wear eye and face protection  
Wear protective gloves  
Wash thoroughly after handling  
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

## GHS - Precautionary Statement(s) - Response

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention  
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water  
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse  
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention  
IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell  
Rinse mouth  
Specific treatment (see First Aid information on product label and/or Section 4 of the SDS)

## GHS - Precautionary Statement(s) - Storage

There are no Precautionary-Storage phrases assigned

## GHS - Precautionary Statement(s) - Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and/or international regulations

## Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

None Known

See Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Synonyms:** Calcium Dichloride, Calcium Chloride Pellets, Anhydrous Calcium Chloride, Calcium Chloride, Mini-Pellets

Component	Percent [%]	CAS Number
Calcium chloride	> 94 - < 97	10043-52-4
Potassium Chloride	> 2 - < 3	7447-40-7
Sodium Chloride	> 1 - < 2	7647-14-5
Water	< 1	7732-18-5

**Notes:** Potassium chloride and sodium chloride are impurities from the naturally-occurring source material, brine solution.

# E-Z CLOR® CALCIUM ELEVATOR

SDS No.: R48022E

SDS Revision Date: 21-Jan-2015

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## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

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**INHALATION:** If inhalation of dust occurs and adverse effects result, move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

**SKIN CONTACT:** If on skin, wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. **SPECIFIC TREATMENT:** Wash with lots of water.

**EYE CONTACT:** If in eyes, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention.

**INGESTION:** If swallowed, rinse mouth. Contact a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

### Most Important Symptoms/Effects (Acute and Delayed) :

**Acute Symptoms/Effects:** Listed below.

**Inhalation (Breathing):** Inhaling dust may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat). Nasal mucosal and oropharyngeal erythema.

**Skin:** Skin Irritation. Direct abrasion of skin from solid, erythema and burn from reaction with water. Prolonged contact and occlusion may cause more severe symptoms. Damage is localized to contact areas.

**Eye:** Eye Irritation. Direct abrasion of cornea from solid, erythema and burn from reaction with water, conjunctival swelling and cornea opacification from hypertonic solution and heat. Corneal eye pain, redness, acute corneal thickening or whitening.

**Ingestion (Swallowing):** Consumption of solids or hypertonic solutions causes nausea, vomiting, and increased thirst.

### Delayed Symptoms/Effects:

- Chronic exposures to skin and mucous membranes that cause irritation may cause a chronic dermatitis or mucosal membrane problem

**Interaction with Other Chemicals Which Enhance Toxicity:** None known.

**Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:** Any skin condition that disrupts the skin, such as abrasions, cuts, psoriasis, fungal infections, etc. Any upper respiratory conditions that compromise mucosa can increase local damage from dust contact. Any eye condition that compromises tear production, conjunctiva, or normal corneal homeostasis.

**Protection of First-Aiders:** At minimum, treating personnel should utilize PPE sufficient for prevention of bloodborne pathogen transmission. If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Notes to Physician:** Due to irritant properties, resulting from heat created as solid material dissolves in water, swallowing may result in burns/ulceration of mucous membranes. If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after decontamination. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

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# E-Z CLOR® CALCIUM ELEVATOR

SDS No.: R48022E

SDS Revision Date: 21-Jan-2015

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## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

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**Fire Hazard:** This material does not burn.

**Extinguishing Media:** Use extinguishing agents appropriate for surrounding fire.

**Fire Fighting:** Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. This material does not burn. Fight fire for other material that is burning. Water should be applied in large quantities as fine spray. Wear NIOSH approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus operated in pressure demand mode. Wear protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Formed under fire conditions: hydrogen chloride gas, calcium oxide

**Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact:** Not sensitive.

**Sensitivity to Static Discharge:** Not sensitive.

**Lower Flammability Level (air):** Not applicable

**Upper Flammability Level (air):** Not applicable

**Flash point:** Not applicable

**Auto-ignition Temperature:** Not applicable

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## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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**Personal Precautions:**

Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Spilled material may cause a slipping hazard on some surfaces. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. Refer to Section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures.

**Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up:**

Small and large spills: Contain spilled material if possible. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Flush residue with plenty of water. See Section 13, Disposal considerations, for additional information.

**Environmental Precautions:**

Prevent large spills from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

# E-Z CLOR® CALCIUM ELEVATOR

SDS No.: R48022E

SDS Revision Date: 21-Jan-2015

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Precautions for Safe Handling:

Heat developed during diluting or dissolving is very high. Use cool water when diluting or dissolving (temperature less than 80°F, 27°C). Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Do not swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear personal protective equipment as described in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (Section 8) of the SDS.

### Safe Storage Conditions:

Store in a dry place. Protect from atmospheric moisture. Keep container tightly closed.

### Incompatibilities/ Materials to Avoid:

Heat is generated when mixed with water or aqueous acids. Spattering and boiling can occur. Avoid contact with: bromide trifluoride, 2-furan percarboxylic acid because calcium chloride is incompatible with those substances. Contact with zinc forms flammable hydrogen gas, which can be explosive. Catalyzes exothermic polymerization of methyl vinyl ether. Attacks metals in the presence of moisture, and may release flammable hydrogen gas. Reaction of bromide impurity with oxidizing materials may generate trace levels of impurities such as bromates.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Regulatory Exposure Limit(s):** Listed below for the product components that have regulatory occupational exposure limits (OEL's) established.

Component	OSHA Final PEL TWA	OSHA Final PEL STEL	OSHA Final PEL Ceiling
Particles Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR) 00-00-001	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Total) 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Respirable)	-----	-----

**OEL:** Occupational Exposure Limit; **OSHA:** United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration; **PEL:** Permissible Exposure Limit; **TWA:** Time Weighted Average; **STEL:** Short Term Exposure Limit

**NON-REGULATORY EXPOSURE LIMIT(S):** Listed below for the product components that have advisory (non-regulatory) occupational exposure limits (OEL's) established.

Component	CAS Number	ACGIH TWA	ACGIH STEL	ACGIH Ceiling	OSHA TWA (Vacated)	OSHA STEL (Vacated)	OSHA Ceiling (Vacated)
Particulates Not Otherwise Specified (PNOS)	Not Assigned	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Inhalable) 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Respirable)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

- The Non-Regulatory United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) limits, if shown, are the Vacated 1989 PEL's (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993).

# E-Z CLOR® CALCIUM ELEVATOR

SDS No.: R48022E

SDS Revision Date: 21-Jan-2015

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- The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) is a voluntary organization of professional industrial hygiene personnel in government or educational institutions in the United States. The ACGIH develops and publishes recommended occupational exposure limits each year called Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) for hundreds of chemicals, physical agents, and biological exposure indices.

**Additional Advice:** Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work area. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

## PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

**Eye Protection:** Wear safety glasses with side-shields. For dusty operations or when handling solutions of the material, wear chemical goggles.

**Skin and Body Protection:** Wear clean, body-covering clothing.

**Hand Protection:** Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. If hands are cut or scratched, use gloves chemically resistant to this material even for brief exposures. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Neoprene, Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"), Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Respiratory Protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. In dusty or misty atmospheres, use an approved particulate respirator. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: High efficiency particulate air (HEPA) N95. A respiratory protection program that meets 29 CFR 1910.134 must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant use of a respirator.

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## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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<b>Physical state</b>	Solid
<b>Appearance:</b>	Pellets
<b>Color:</b>	White
<b>Odor:</b>	Odorless
<b>Odor Threshold [ppm]:</b>	No data available.
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	CaCl <sub>2</sub>
<b>Decomposition Temperature:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Boiling Point/Range:</b>	Not applicable to solids

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# E-Z CLOR® CALCIUM ELEVATOR

SDS No.: R48022E

SDS Revision Date: 21-Jan-2015

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<b>Freezing Point/Range:</b>	Not applicable to solids.
<b>Melting Point/Range:</b>	772 °C (1,422 °F)
<b>Vapor Pressure:</b>	Negligible at ambient temperature
<b>Vapor Density (air=1):</b>	Not applicable
<b>Relative Density/Specific Gravity (water=1):</b>	Not applicable to solids
<b>Bulk Density:</b>	52 - 58 lb/ft <sup>3</sup>
<b>Water Solubility:</b>	Readily soluble
<b>pH:</b>	Not applicable to solids
<b>Volatility:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Evaporation Rate (ether=1):</b>	Not applicable
<b>Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water):</b>	No data available
<b>Flash point:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Flammability (solid, gas):</b>	Not applicable
<b>Lower Flammability Level (air):</b>	Not applicable
<b>Upper Flammability Level (air):</b>	Not applicable
<b>Auto-ignition Temperature:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Viscosity:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Hygroscopic:</b>	Yes

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## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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**Reactivity:** Hygroscopic. Liberates large amounts of heat when dissolving in water or aqueous acids.

**Chemical Stability:** Stable at normal temperatures and pressures.

**Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:**

Avoid moisture.

**Conditions to Avoid:**

(e.g., static discharge, shock, or vibration) - . None known.

**Incompatibilities/ Materials to Avoid:**

Heat is generated when mixed with water or aqueous acids. Spattering and boiling can occur. Avoid contact with: bromide trifluoride, 2-furan percarboxylic acid because calcium chloride is incompatible with those substances. Contact with zinc forms flammable hydrogen gas, which can be explosive. Catalyzes exothermic polymerization of methyl vinyl ether. Attacks metals in the presence of moisture, and may release flammable hydrogen gas. Reaction of bromide impurity with oxidizing materials may generate trace levels of impurities such as bromates.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Formed under fire conditions: hydrogen chloride gas, calcium oxide

**Hazardous Polymerization:** Will not occur.

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## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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# E-Z CLOR® CALCIUM ELEVATOR

SDS No.: R48022E

SDS Revision Date: 21-Jan-2015

## TOXICITY DATA:

### PRODUCT TOXICITY DATA: ANHYDROUS CALCIUM CHLORIDE 94-97% MINI-PELLETS

<u>LD50 Oral:</u>	<u>LD50 Dermal:</u>	<u>LC50 Inhalation:</u>
1021 mg/kg - Oral Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE)	2687 mg/kg - Dermal Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE)	No data is available

### COMPONENT TOXICITY DATA:

**Note:** The component toxicity data is populated by the LOLI database and may differ from the product toxicity data given.

<u>Component</u>	<u>LD50 Oral:</u>	<u>LD50 Dermal:</u>	<u>LC50 Inhalation:</u>
Calcium chloride 10043-52-4	1000 mg/kg (Rat)	2630 mg/kg (Rat)	-----
Potassium Chloride 7447-40-7	2600 mg/kg (Rat)	-----	-----
Sodium Chloride 7647-14-5	3 g/kg (Rat)	10 g/kg (Rabbit)	42 g/m <sup>3</sup> (1 hr-Rat)

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## POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

- Eye contact:** For solid: May cause slight eye irritation, mechanical injury only. Dust formation should be avoided, as dust can cause severe eye irritation with corneal injury.
- Skin contact:** Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin. Prolonged contact may cause skin irritation, even a burn. Not classified as corrosive to the skin according to DOT guidelines. May cause more severe response if skin is damp, abraded (scratched or cut), or covered by clothing, gloves, or footwear.
- Inhalation:** Dust may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat).
- Ingestion:** Low toxicity if swallowed. Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however, swallowing larger amounts may cause local mucosal damage to esophagus and stomach. Swallowing may result in gastrointestinal irritation or ulceration.
- Chronic Effects:** Chronic exposures to calcium chloride that cause irritation may cause a chronic dermatitis or mucosal membrane problem. For the minor component(s):  
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE: In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs after ingestion: Gastrointestinal tract, heart, and kidney. Dose levels producing these effects were many times higher than any dose levels expected from exposure due to use. SODIUM CHLORIDE: Medical experience with sodium chloride has shown a strong association between elevated blood pressure and prolonged dietary overuse. Related effects could occur in the kidneys.

## SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

# E-Z CLOR® CALCIUM ELEVATOR

SDS No.: R48022E

SDS Revision Date: 21-Jan-2015

Solution and or solids may be visible on the skin and or eyes. Localized redness, warmth, and irritation consistent with mechanism of injury: abrasion, burn, hypertonic solution.

**Inhalation (Breathing):** Inhaling dust may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat). Nasal mucosal and oropharyngeal erythema.

**Skin:** Skin Irritation. Direct abrasion of skin from solid, erythema and burn from reaction with water. Prolonged contact and occlusion may cause more severe symptoms. Damage is localized to contact areas.

**Eye:** Eye Irritation. Direct abrasion of cornea from solid, erythema and burn from reaction with water, conjunctival swelling and cornea opacification from hypertonic solution and heat. Corneal eye pain, redness, acute corneal thickening or whitening.

**Ingestion (Swallowing):** Consumption of solids or hypertonic solutions causes nausea, vomiting, and increased thirst.

**Interaction with Other Chemicals Which Enhance Toxicity:** None known.

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## GHS HEALTH HAZARDS:

**GHS: ACUTE TOXICITY - ORAL:** Category 4 - Harmful if swallowed.

**GHS: ACUTE TOXICITY - DERMAL:** Not classified as acutely toxic for dermal exposure.

**GHS: ACUTE TOXICITY - INHALATION:** No data available. Not classified.

**GHS: CONTACT HAZARD - SKIN:** Category 2 - Causes skin irritation

**GHS: CONTACT HAZARD - EYE:** Category 2B - Causes eye irritation

**GHS: CARCINOGENICITY:**  
Not classified as a carcinogen per GHS criteria. This product is not classified as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

## MUTAGENIC DATA:

Not classified as a mutagen per GHS criteria. The data presented are for the following material: Calcium chloride (CaCl<sub>2</sub>) - In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. The data presented are for the following material: Potassium chloride - In vitro genetic toxicity studies were positive. However, the relevance of this to humans is unknown. For the minor component(s): Sodium chloride - In vitro genetic toxicity studies were predominantly negative.

## DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY:

Not classified as a developmental or reproductive toxin per GHS criteria. For the major component(s): Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

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## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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### ECOTOXICITY DATA:

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# E-Z CLOR® CALCIUM ELEVATOR

SDS No.: R48022E

SDS Revision Date: 21-Jan-2015

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## **Aquatic Toxicity:**

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis. (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

## **Freshwater Fish Toxicity:**

Calcium Chloride: LC50, bluegill (*Lepomis macrochirus*): 8,350 - 10,650 mg/l

Potassium Chloride: LC50, rainbow trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*), 96 h: 4,236 mg/l

Sodium Chloride: LC50, fathead minnow (*Pimephales promelas*): 10,610 mg/l

## **Invertebrate Toxicity:**

Calcium Chloride: LC50, water flea *Daphnia magna*: 759 - 3,005 mg/l

Potassium Chloride: EC50, water flea *Daphnia magna*, 24 h, immobilization: 590 mg/l

LC50, water flea *Ceriodaphnia dubia*, 96 h: 3,470 mg/l

Sodium Chloride: LC50, water flea *Daphnia magna*: 4,571 mg/l

## **Algae Toxicity:**

Sodium Chloride: IC50, OECD 209 Test; activated sludge, respiration inhibition: > 1,000 mg/l

## **Other Toxicity:**

Sodium Chloride: IC50, OECD 209 Test; activated sludge, respiration inhibition: > 1,000 mg/l

## **FATE AND TRANSPORT:**

**BIODEGRADATION:** This material is inorganic and not subject to biodegradation.

**PERSISTENCE:** Calcium chloride is believed not to persist in the environment because it is readily dissociated into calcium and chloride ions in water. Calcium chloride released into the environment is thus likely to be distributed into water in the form of calcium and chloride ions. Calcium ions may remain in soil by binding to soil particulate or by forming stable salts with other ions. Chloride ions are mobile and eventually drain into surface water. Both ions originally exist in nature, and their concentrations in surface water will depend on various factors, such as geological parameters, weathering, and human activities.

**BIOCONCENTRATION:** No bioconcentration is expected because of the relatively high water solubility. Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50). Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applicable.

**BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:** Calcium chloride and its dissociated forms (calcium and chloride ions) are ubiquitous in the environment. Calcium and chloride ions can also be found as constituents in organisms. Considering its dissociation properties, calcium chloride is not expected to accumulate in living organisms.

**MOBILITY IN SOIL:** Calcium chloride is not expected to be absorbed in soil due to its dissociation properties and high water solubility. It is expected to dissociate into calcium and chloride free ions or it may form stable inorganic or organic salts with other counter ions, leading to different fates between calcium and chloride ions in soil and water components. Calcium ions may bind to soil particulate or may form stable inorganic salts with sulfate and carbonate ions. The chloride ion is mobile in soil and eventually drains into surface water because it is readily dissolved in water.

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## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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# E-Z CLOR® CALCIUM ELEVATOR

SDS No.: R48022E

SDS Revision Date: 21-Jan-2015

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## Waste from material:

Reuse or reprocess, if possible. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Report spills if applicable. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN SDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Landfill and waste water treatment system.

## Container Management:

Dispose of container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and/or international regulations. Container rinsate must be disposed of in compliance with applicable regulations.

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## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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### LAND TRANSPORT

#### U.S. DOT 49 CFR 172.101:

Status: Not regulated

#### CANADIAN TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS:

Status: Not regulated

### MARITIME TRANSPORT (IMO / IMDG) Not regulated

Status - IMO / IMDG: Not Regulated

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## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

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### U.S. REGULATIONS

#### OSHA REGULATORY STATUS:

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

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# E-Z CLOR® CALCIUM ELEVATOR

SDS No.: R48022E

SDS Revision Date: 21-Jan-2015

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**CERCLA SECTIONS 102a/103 HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES (40 CFR 302.4):**

Not regulated.

**SARA EHS Chemical (40 CFR 355.30)**

Not regulated

**EPCRA SECTIONS 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES (40 CFR 370.10):**

Acute Health Hazard

**EPCRA SECTION 313 (40 CFR 372.65):**

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

**OSHA PROCESS SAFETY (PSM) (29 CFR 1910.119):**

Not regulated

## NATIONAL INVENTORY STATUS

**U.S. INVENTORY STATUS: Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA):** All components are listed or exempt.

**TSCA 12(b):** This product is not subject to export notification.

**Canadian Chemical Inventory:** All components of this product are listed on either the DSL or the NDSL.

## STATE REGULATIONS

**California Proposition 65:**

This product is not listed, but it may contain impurities/trace elements known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity as listed under Proposition 65 State Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act.

WARNING: This product (when used in aqueous formulations with a chemical oxidizer such as ozone) may react to form calcium bromate, a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

## CANADIAN REGULATIONS

• This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations

**WHMIS - Classifications of Substances:**

• D2B - Poisonous and Infectious Material; Materials causing other toxic effects - Toxic material

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## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

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# E-Z CLOR® CALCIUM ELEVATOR

SDS No.: R48022E

SDS Revision Date: 21-Jan-2015

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**Prepared by:** OxyChem Corporate HESS - Product Stewardship

**Rev. Date:** 21-Jan-2015

**Disclaimer:**

We recommend that you use this product in a manner consistent with the listed use. If your intended use is not consistent with the stated use, please contact your sales or technical service representative. This information is intended solely for the use of individuals trained in the NFPA and/or HMIS systems.

**HMIS: (SCALE 0-4)** (Rated using National Paint & Coatings Association HMIS: Rating Instructions, 2nd Edition)

**Health Rating:** 2

**Flammability Rating:** 0

**Reactivity Rating:** 0

**NFPA 704 - Hazard Identification Ratings (SCALE 0-4)**

**Health Rating:** 1

**Flammability:** 0

**Reactivity Rating:** 0

**Reason for Revision:**

- Three year review
- Changed the SDS format to meet the GHS requirements of the revised 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)
- Updated the (M)SDS header
- Format change to sections: 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 13
- Product Identifier has been added or updated: SEE SECTION 1
- Added synonym(s): SEE SECTION 1
- Updated Product Use information: SEE SECTION 1
- Updated Uses Advised Against information: SEE SECTION 1
- Added OSHA Status: SEE SECTION 2
- Physical State information has been revised: SEE SECTIONS 2 and 9
- Emergency Overview was revised: SEE SECTION 2
- Added GHS Information: SEE SECTION 2
- Modified Composition/Information on Ingredients: SEE SECTION 3
- Updated First Aid Measures: SEE SECTION 4
- Hazardous combustion products revised: SEE SECTION 5
- Revised Accidental Release Measures: SEE SECTION 6
- Revised Handling and Storage Recommendations: SEE SECTION 7
- Updated Physical and Chemical Properties: SEE SECTION 9
- Stability and Reactivity recommendations: SEE SECTION 10
- Toxicological Information has been revised: SEE SECTION 11
- Ecological Information has been modified: SEE SECTION 12
- Updated Disposal Considerations: SEE SECTION 13
- Regulatory Information Changes: SEE SECTION 15
- Added SDS Revision Date: SEE SECTION 16
- Modified Disclaimer Statement: SEE SECTION 16

# E-Z CLOR® CALCIUM ELEVATOR

SDS No.: R48022E

SDS Revision Date: 21-Jan-2015

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## **IMPORTANT:**

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OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 requires that information be provided to employees regarding the hazards of chemicals by means of a hazard communication program including labeling, safety data sheets, training and access to written records. We request that you, and it is your legal duty to, make all information in this Safety Data Sheet available to your employees

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**End of Safety Data Sheet**